

$$\ddot{y} + 2\dot{y} + y = \cos(\omega t), \quad y(0) = 0$$

$$\dot{y}(0) = 0$$

Find The Transfer Function

1 Step One: Find γ_H

$$\lambda^2 + 2\lambda + 1 = 0$$

$$(A + Bt)e^{-t}$$

$$\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$\frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{4 - 4(1)(1)}}{2(1)}$$

* Critically Damped

$$\lambda_{1,2} = -1$$

2 Step Two: Find γ_p

$$\lambda_{1,2} = -1$$

$$\ddot{y} + 2\dot{y} + y = \cos(\omega t)$$

$$y = \text{RE}[Y_p]$$

$$\ddot{Y}_p + 2\dot{Y}_p + Y_p = e^{i\omega t}$$

No dupc

$$Y_p = D e^{i\omega t}$$

$$\dot{Y}_p = i\omega D e^{i\omega t}$$

$$\ddot{Y}_p = -\omega^2 D e^{i\omega t}$$

$$\cancel{D e^{i\omega t}} (-\omega^2 + 2i\omega + 1) = \cancel{e^{i\omega t}}$$

$$D = \frac{1}{-\omega^2 + 2i\omega + 1}$$

$$Y_p = \left(\frac{1}{-\omega^2 + 2i\omega + 1} \right) e^{i\omega t}$$

✗ Clear up denominator

$$Y_p = \left(\frac{1}{-\omega^2 + 2i\omega + 1} \right) e^{i\omega t} \cdot$$

$$\frac{1 - \omega^2 - 2i\omega}{1 - \omega^2 - 2i\omega}$$

$$Y_p = \frac{1 - \omega^2 - 2i\omega}{(1 - \omega^2)^2 + (2\omega)^2} e^{i\omega t}$$

$$= a^2 - b^2$$

$$Y_p = \frac{2i\omega + \omega^2 - 1}{(1 - \omega^2)^2 + 4\omega^2} e^{i\omega t}$$

$$Y_p = \frac{2i\omega + \omega^2 - 1}{(1 - \omega^2)^2 + 4\omega^2} (\cos \omega t + i \sin \omega t)$$

Only want Real Here...



$$y_p = \frac{1}{(1 - \omega^2)^2 + 4\omega^2} \left((2i\omega)(i \sin \omega t) + (\omega^2)(\cos \omega t) - \right.$$

$$\left. (1)(\cos \omega t) \right)$$

$$y_p = \frac{1}{(1 - \omega^2)^2 + 4\omega^2} \left((-2\omega \sin \omega t) + (\omega^2 \cos \omega t) - (\cos \omega t) \right)$$

$$y_p = \frac{1}{(1 - \omega^2)^2 + 4\omega^2} \left((-2\omega \sin \omega t) + (\omega^2 - 1) \cos \omega t \right)$$

$$y_p = \frac{1}{(1-\omega^2)^2 + 4\omega^2} \left(\underbrace{-2\omega}_{c_1} \sin \omega t + \underbrace{(\omega^2 - 1)}_{c_2} \cos \omega t \right)$$

prep For Transfer Function — Amp Phase Form

$$A = \sqrt{c_1^2 + c_2^2}, \quad A = \sqrt{(-2\omega)^2 + (\omega^2 - 1)^2}$$

$$\phi = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{c_2}{c_1} \right)$$

cos form

c_1 and c_2 flipped for Sin

$$= \sqrt{\omega^4 + 2\omega^2 + 1}$$

$$\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\omega^2 - 1}{-2\omega} \right)$$

$$y_p = \frac{1}{(1-\omega^2)^2 + 4\omega^2} \left(\sqrt{\omega^4 + 2\omega^2 + 1} \cos \left(\omega t - \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\omega^2 - 1}{-2\omega} \right) \right) \right)$$

Ready for Transfer Function

$$H(\omega) = \frac{\text{Amp of Response}}{\text{Amp of forcing}} = \frac{\sqrt{\omega^4 + 2\omega^2 + 1}}{\omega^4 - 2\omega^2 + 1 + 4\omega^2}$$

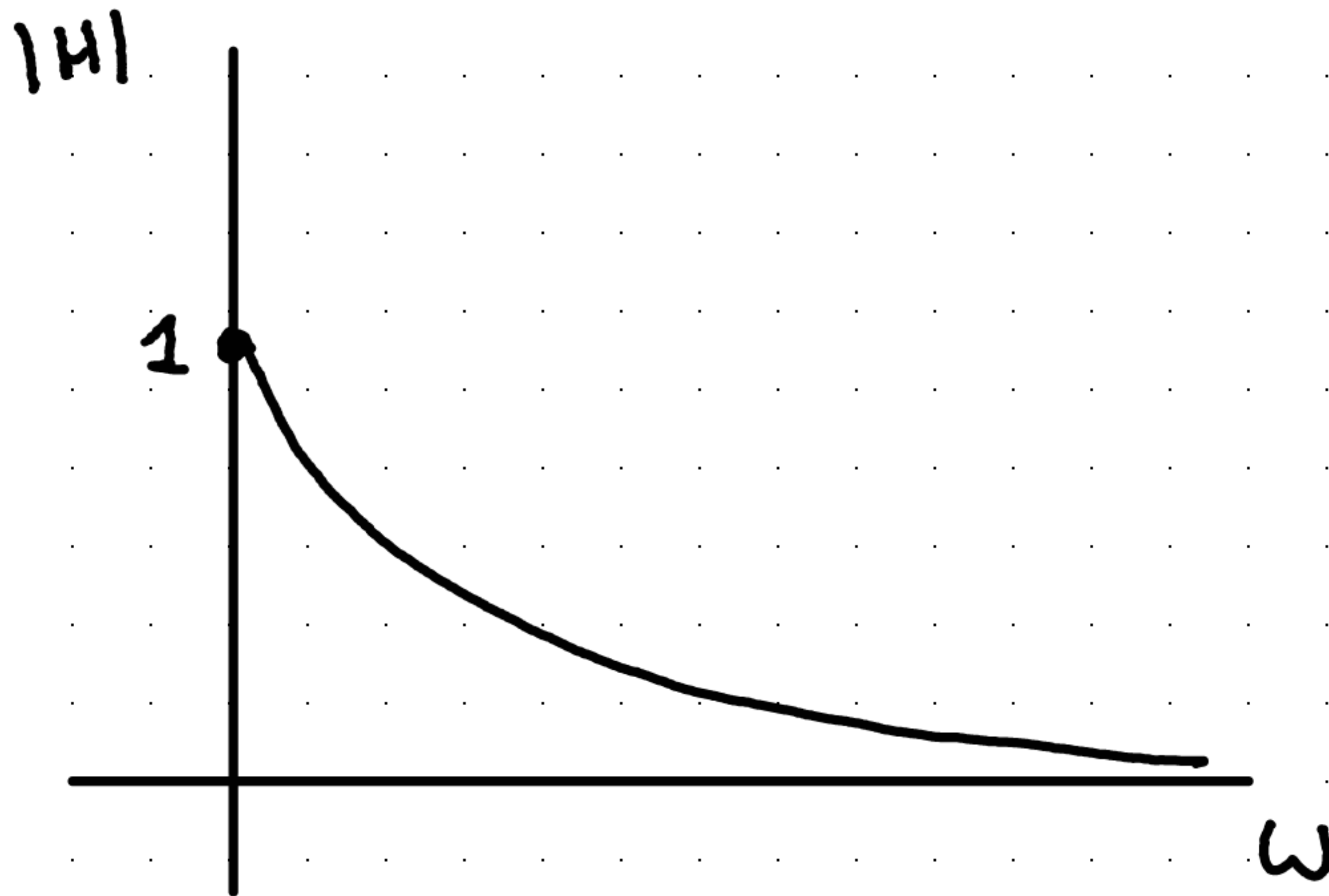
$$\omega^4 - 2\omega^2 + 1 + 4\omega^2$$

$$\omega^4 + 2\omega^2 + 1$$

$$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{\omega^4 + 2\omega^2 + 1}}$$

Graphing Transfer function:

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\omega^4 + 2\omega^2 + 1}}$$



Big Time goes to zero.